Technical Appendix

Technical Appendix Figure 1. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the neuraminidase gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.
Technical Appendix Figure 2. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the basic polymerase 2 gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.
Technical Appendix Figure 3. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the polymerase gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.
Technical Appendix Figure 4. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the nonstructural gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.
Technical Appendix Figure 5. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the matrix gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.
Technical Appendix Figure 6. Maximum-likelihood phylogenetic tree for the nucleoprotein gene segment of avian influenza (H5N1) viruses from Bangladesh compared with other viruses. Green shading indicates viruses from Bangladesh sequenced and characterized in this study; yellow shading indicates previously described subtype H5N1/H9N2 reassortant influenza viruses (1,2) or those from GenBank. Numbers at the nodes represent bootstrap values.

References
