## Postmortem Findings in a Patient with Guillain-Barré Syndrome and Zika Virus Infection

## **Technical Appendix**

The following are the available results and recorded interpretation of the electrodiagnostic studies performed on a patient with Guillain-Barré syndrome and Zika virus infection 10 days post–neurologic illness onset.

**Technical Appendix Table 1.** Results from electromyography studies of a patient with Guillain-Barré syndrome and Zika virus infection 10 days post–neurologic illness onset, Puerto Rico, 2016

					Spontaneous activity					
			Insertional	activity	Fibrill	ation	Positive sh	narp wave		
Muscles	Roots*	Innervations	Right	Left	Right	Left	Right	Left		
Upper extremities										
Deltoid	C5–C6	Axillary	Increased		+1		+1	—		
Biceps	C5–C6	Musculocutaneous	None		0		0	—		
First dorsal	C8–T1	Ulnar	None	—	0		0	—		
interosseous										
Lower extremities										
Vastus medialis	L2–L4	Femoral	None	—	0		0	—		
Tibialis anterior	L4–L5	Deep peroneal	Increased		0		+1	—		
Gastrocnemius	S1–S2	Tibial	None	_	0		0	_		
********							0 —			

\*C, cervical; L, lumbar; S, sacral; T, thoracic.

**Technical Appendix Table 2.** Results from nerve conduction studies of a patient with Guillain-Barré syndrome and Zika virus infection 10 days post–neurologic illness onset, Puerto Rico, 2016\*

	Conduction velocity	Latency	Amplitude	Latency	Amplitude
Nerves tested	(m/sec)	(ms)	(mV)	(ms)	(mV)
Upper extremities					
Right median	36.1	19.7	0.008	4.7	3.0
Right ulnar	46.7	4.9	1.3	4.9	9.0
Lower extremities					
Right common peroneal	33.2	6.5	2.2	—	—
Right tibial	—	8.7	0.08	—	—
Right sural	—		—	3.8	2.7
Late responses†					
Right H reflex	—	Absent			
Right F wave		38.2			

\*---, no test performed; absent, the test was performed, but no signal was found.

†Tests captured only conduction velocity and latency

**Recorded interpretation:** "Severely prolonged motor and sensory latencies, increased temporal dispersion, decreased velocities, absent H reflex, [and] prolonged F wave are highly suggestive of acute inflammatory demyelinating neuropathy as in Guillain-Barré syndrome."