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Risk for Donor-Derived Syphilis after Kidney Transplantation, China, 2007–2022

Appendix

Methods

Patient selection

Exclusion criteria were applied based on donor and recipient characteristics. Donors were excluded if they met any of the following criteria: (1) missing CLIA data; (2) CLIA-; (3) CLIA+ but no TPPA or TRUST data. Recipients were excluded if they met any of the following criteria: (5) CLIA+; (6) lost during follow-up.

Statistical Analyses

Statistical analyses were performed using R software (Version 4.0.0). Statistical significance was set at P < 0.05. Qualitative data are presented as counts (percentages), and quantitative data are presented as mean and standard error (SD) or median and interquartile range (IQR). Comparisons between groups were performed using the chi-square test or Fisher's exact test for categorical variables, Student's t-test was used for continuous variables with normal distribution, and the Wilcoxon–Mann–Whitney U-test was used for continuous variables with non-normal distribution. We used Kaplan–Meier survival curves with log-rank tests to estimate and compare graft and patient survival.

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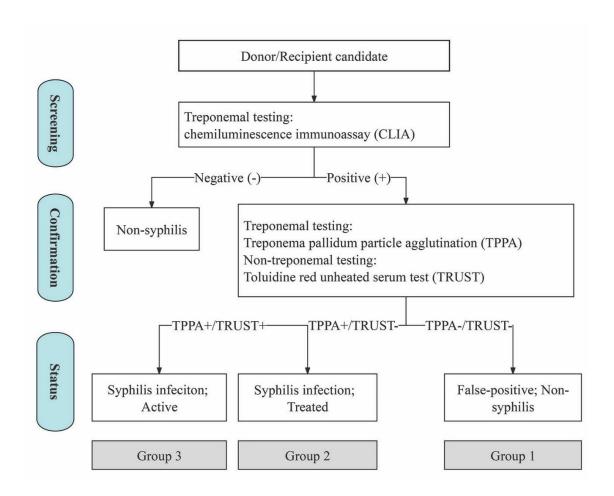
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Appendix Table. Published literature utilizing donors with syphilis infection in solid organ transplantation

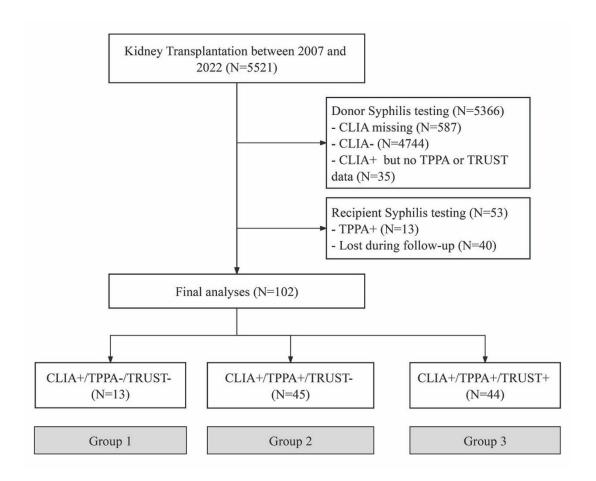
								TRUST/RPR/
	Transplant		Donor	Donor		CLIA/ELIS	TPPA/TPH	VDRL
Reference	ation type	Period	information	treatment	Recipient therapy	A positive	A positive	positive
Fernández	Liver,	2020-	11 TPPA+	7 Treated; 2	15 PEN; 5 None; 4	3/25	0/25	0/25
2023 (1)	kidney,	2022	donors	unavailable;	Ceftriaxone; 1 doxycycline			
	lung, heart			2 untreated				
Laowalert	Kidney	1992-	6	Unavailable	All 3 recipients with RPR-	Unavailabl	0/9	0/9
2020 (2)		2019	TPHA+/RPR-		positive donor were	е		
			donors; 3		treated; Only 3 of 6			
			TPHA+/RPR+		recipients with negative-			
			donors		RPR donor were			
					prescribed post-exposure			
					prophylaxis			
Morrison	Solid organ	2008-	8	Unavailable	9 penicillin G potassium;	Unavailabl	1/16; 12 not	1/16; 12 not
2019 (3)	transplantat	2018	RPR+/TPPA+		19 not treated/not	е	tested	tested
	ion		donors; 20		documented			
			RPR+/not					
			confirmed (no					
			data) donors					
Tariciotti	Liver	2011	1	Unavailable	Doxycycline	1/1	1/1	0/1
2012 (4)			TPPA+/VDRL					
			- donor					
Marek	Heart	2011	1	Unavailable	Benzathine penicillin	0/1	0/1	0/1
2012 (5)			TPPA+/VDRL					
			- donor					
Cortes	Kidney	2003	1	Unavailable	Benzyl penicillin	2/2	2/2	0/2
2006 (6)			TPPA+/RPR+					
			donor					

								TRUST/RPR/
	Transplant		Donor	Donor		CLIA/ELIS	TPPA/TPH	VDRL
Reference	ation type	Period	information	treatment	Recipient therapy	A positive	A positive	positive
Ko 1998	Liver,	1998	1	Unavailable	1 Cefamandole; 1	0/6	0/6	0/6
(7)	kidney,		TPHA+/VDRL		Clindamycin+Ceftazidime;			
	lung, Heart		+ donor		1			
					Vancomycin+Ceftazidime;			
					1 Sulbenicillin; 1			
					Cefmetazole; 1			
					Fosfomycin. All recipients			
					also recived 3-week			
					benzathine penicillin			
Caballero	Kidney,	1998	1	Unavailable	penicillin	Unavailabl	0/3	0/3
1998 (8)	Liver, Heart		TPHA+/RPR-			е		
			donor					
Gibel 1987	Kidney	1987	1 fluorescent	Unavailable	penicillin	Unavailabl	0/2	Unavailable
(9)			treponema			е		
			antibody-					
			positive donor					

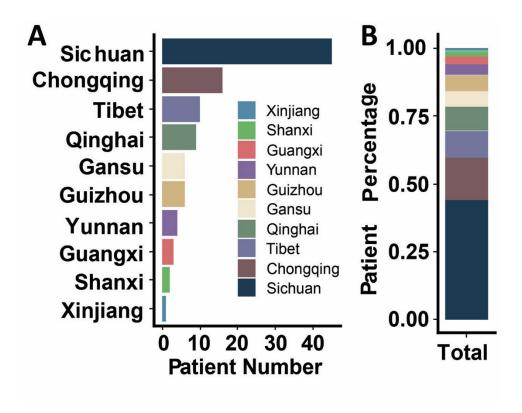
TRUST: Toluidine Red Unheated Serum test; VDRL: Venereal Disease Research Laboratory; RPR: rapid plasma reagin; TPPA: treponema pallidum particle agglutination assay; CLIA: chemiluminescence immunoassay; TPHA: treponema pallidum hemagglutination assay; ELISA: enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay.



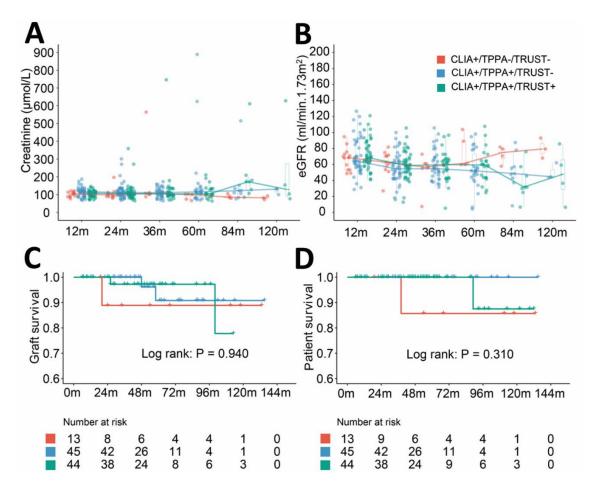
Appendix Figure 1. Reverse sequence algorithm for syphilis screening, China, 2007–2022.



Appendix Figure 2. Patient selection, China, 2007–2022.



Appendix Figure 3. Patient distribution, China, 2007–2022.



Appendix Figure 4. Clinical outcomes after kidney transplantation from donors with syphilis to serologically negative recipients, China. A) Boxplot comparing creatinine levels (µmol/L) in different time points after transplantation. Each circle represented a recipient. B) Boxplot comparing eGFR levels (ml/min/1.73m2) in different time points after transplantation. eGFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate. Each circle represented a recipient. C) Graft survival by Kaplan-Meier survival curve with log-rank test. D) Patient survival by Kaplan-Meier survival curve with log-rank test. Shading indicates 95% credibility intervals.