

**Table.** Histopathologic findings of *A. cantonensis* nematode infection and molecular confirmation in *R. norvegicus*\*†

ID and signalment	Case submission date	Histopathologic findings	GenBank accession no.
Case 1 Adult/male	2019/02/19	Brain: hemorrhagic and lymphohistiocytic meningoencephalitis with intralosomal nematodiasis (adult nematodes, presumptive <i>Angiostrongylus</i> spp.)	OQ793715
Case 2 Adult/female	2021/02/12	Lung: severe multifocal chronic nodular nematodiasis (adult nematodes and larvated ova, presumptive <i>Angiostrongylus</i> spp.)	OQ793716
Case 3 Juvenile/sex unknown	2021/01/20	Heart: intravascular (cardiac chamber, pulmonary artery) nematodiasis	NA
Case 4 Age/sex unknown	2021/08/24	Lung: pulmonary arterial nematodiasis; pulmonary hemorrhage and edema	NA
Case 5 Adult/sex unknown	2022/04/25	Heart and pulmonary artery: cardiac nematodiasis with endothelial pulmonary aortic subendothelial myxomatous change Lung: nematode cross section with similar characteristics to heart nematodes	NA
Case 6 Adult/sex unknown	2022/08/09	Heart and pulmonary artery: intraventricular and intra-arterial nematodiasis Lung: moderate intraluminal, peritracheal, and pulmonary hemorrhage	OQ793717
Case 7 Adult/male	2022/10/18	Lung: eosinophilic pulmonary arteritis with degenerate intraluminal nematodes	OQ793718

\*NA, not available  
†Pre- or postmortem predation of some rats may have occurred before the rats were found. Thus representative samples of all organs may not have been available for evaluation and in some cases, sex or age class could not be determined.

- Set table width to 6.7 inches (17 cm).
- Spell out genus names in table title. Include a brief description of the study or investigation.
- Combine multiple footnotes on the table title.
- Define all abbreviations in the first footnote.
- When formatting tables, use 0.04 left and right cell margins and 0.00 top and bottom cell margins. Do not set to automatically resize to fit contents.
- Provide dates in XXXX YYY MM format.
- Provide individual data categories in individual columns whenever possible.
- Insert separate rows for separate data, or combine into 1 line (no hard line breaks).

**CORRECTED FORMAT**

**Table.** Histopathologic findings of *Angiostrongylus cantonensis* nematode infection and molecular confirmation in study among *Rattus norvegicus* rats\*

Case ID	Age/sex	Case submission date	Histopathologic findings	GenBank accession no.
Case 1	Adult/male	2019 Feb 19	Brain: hemorrhagic and lymphohistiocytic meningoencephalitis with intralosomal nematodiasis (adult nematodes, presumptive <i>Angiostrongylus</i> spp.)	OQ793715
Case 2	Adult/female	2021 Feb 12	Lung: severe multifocal chronic nodular nematodiasis (adult nematodes and larvated ova, presumptive <i>Angiostrongylus</i> spp.)	OQ793716
Case 3	Juvenile/sex unknown	2021 Jan 20	Heart: intravascular (cardiac chamber, pulmonary artery) nematodiasis	NA
Case 4	Age/sex unknown	2021 Aug 24	Lung: pulmonary arterial nematodiasis; pulmonary hemorrhage and edema	NA
Case 5	Adult/sex unknown	2022 Apr 25	Heart and pulmonary artery: cardiac nematodiasis with endothelial pulmonary aortic subendothelial myxomatous change Lung: nematode cross section with similar characteristics to heart nematodes	NA
Case 6	Adult/sex unknown	2022 Aug 9	Heart and pulmonary artery: intraventricular and intra-arterial nematodiasis; lung: moderate intraluminal, peritracheal, and pulmonary hemorrhage	OQ793717
Case 7	Adult/male	2022 Oct 18	Lung: eosinophilic pulmonary arteritis with degenerate intraluminal nematodes	OQ793718

\*Premortem or postmortem predation of some rats may have occurred before the rats were found. Thus, representative samples of all organs may not have been available for evaluation and in some cases, sex or age class could not be determined. ID, identification; NA, not available.

- Table titles should be no more than 2 lines at 6.7 inches wide.
- Use boldface only for highlighting specific results (e.g., statistically significant values).
- Use spanner heads for multiple related categories.
- Enclose 95% CIs in parentheses.
- p value: no capitalization, no italics, no hyphen
- Set table head to bottom of cell and remainder of table to top of cell.
- Use n = for values within tables

**Table.** Descriptive statistics for rat demographic variables, land use, season, and year of collection and results from exact logistic regression analyses evaluating associations with hepatitis E virus PCR status among Norway rats (n = 372) collected in southern Ontario, Canada during November 2018–June 2021.

Category, total no.	No. (%)	PCR-positive (%)	PCR-negative (%)	Odds ratio, 95% CI	p-value
Sex, 361					
F	185 (51.2)	9 (4.9)	176 (95.1)	Referent	NA
M	176 (48.8)	11 (6.3)	165 (93.7)	1.13, 0.43–2.95	0.955
Sexual maturity, 360					
Immature	126 (35.0)	1 (0.8)	125 (99.2)	Referent	NA
Mature	234 (65.0)	19 (8.1)	215 (91.9)	3.99, 1.14–21.47	0.025
Body condition, 363					
Poor	251 (69.1)	11 (4.4)	240 (95.6)	Referent	NA
Good	112 (30.9)	9 (8.0)	103 (92.0)	1.66, 0.61–4.36	0.361
Land use, 372*					
Residential	195 (52.4)	11 (5.6)	184 (94.4)	Referent	NA
Nonresidential	177 (47.6)	10 (5.6)	167 (94.4)	0.92, 0.35–2.39	1.000
Season, 372†					
Summer/fall	154 (41.4)	8 (5.2)	146 (94.8)	Referent	NA
Winter/spring	218 (58.6)	13 (6.0)	205 (94.0)	1.03, 0.39–2.80	1.000
Year of collection, 372					
2018	43 (11.6)	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	Referent	NA
2019	193 (51.9)	11 (5.7)	182 (94.3)	0.47, 0.14–1.84	0.307
2020	93 (25.0)	2 (2.2)	91 (97.8)	0.17, 0.02–1.12	0.069
2021	43 (11.6)	4 (9.3)	39 (90.7)	0.80, 0.15–4.04	1.000

\*Land use was defined as residential and nonresidential (i.e., institutional, industrial, commercial, and mixed).  
†Seasons were defined as winter (December–February), spring (March–May), summer (June–August), and fall (September–November).

**CORRECTED FORMAT**

**Table.** Descriptive statistics and results from exact logistic regression analyses evaluating associations with hepatitis E virus PCR status among Norway rats collected in southern Ontario, Canada, during November 2018–June 2021

Category, total no.	Total	PCR-positive	PCR-negative	Odds ratio (95% CI)	p value
Sex, n = 361					
F	185 (51.2)	9 (4.9)	176 (95.1)	Referent	
M	176 (48.8)	11 (6.3)	165 (93.7)	1.13 (0.43–2.95)	0.955
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\*Land use was defined as residential and nonresidential (i.e., institutional, industrial, commercial, and mixed).  
†Seasons were defined as winter (December–February), spring (March–May), summer (June–August), and fall (September–November).

- Remove unnecessary capitalization.
- Do not leave blank cells in header row.
- Abbreviate CI and enclose 95% CIs in parentheses.
- Format tables with individual rows for each line of data.
- Set text in first column flush left. Indent labels below subheads.
- Use Referent (rather than Ref/REF, reference, etc.)
- Abbreviate M and F for sex.
- Add unit for ages (y, mo, wk, d).
- Use en dashes in number ranges.

**Table 4:** Crude and adjusted Odds Ratios assessing correlates of recent and long-term HIV infections compared to HIV negativity, Population-based HIV Impact Assessments, 14 countries, 2015–2019

X	Recent Infection vs. HIV-negative		Long-term Infection vs. HIV-negative	
	Crude Odds Ratio	Adjusted Odds Ratio	Crude Odds Ratio	Adjusted Odds Ratio
	[95% Confidence Interval]	[95% Confidence Interval]	[95% Confidence Interval]	[95% Confidence Interval]
<b>Region</b>				
Eastern Africa	2.26 [1.46–3.50]	1.88 [1.18–3.02]	2.74 [2.53–3.00]	1.73 [1.58–1.89]
Southeastern Africa	4.39 [2.86–6.73]	2.74 [1.64–4.57]	7.74 [7.17–8.35]	2.66 [2.42–2.93]
Southern Africa	8.58 [5.54–13.28]	4.73 [2.65–8.44]	15.02 [13.89–16.25]	4.03 [3.63–4.47]
Western Africa	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Sex</b>				
Female	1.56 [1.09–2.24]	1.82 [1.11–2.98]	1.62 [1.55–1.70]	1.81 [1.68–1.96]
Male	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Age Group</b>				
15–24	1.60 [1.02–2.51]	1.26 [0.74–2.15]	0.27 [0.25–0.29]	0.26 [0.24–0.29]
25–34	1.68 [1.09–2.58]	1.43 [0.92–2.23]	0.64 [0.61–0.68]	0.64 [0.60–0.68]
35–49	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Marital Status</b>				
Married/cohabiting	0.87 [0.58–1.31]	1.16 [0.67–1.99]	1.92 [1.79–2.07]	1.35 [1.21–1.51]
Divorced/separated/widowed	4.24 [2.48–7.26]	3.58 [1.92–6.69]	6.97 [6.37–7.62]	3.28 [2.91–3.70]
Never married	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Age of Sexual Debut</b>				
Less than 18 y old	1.74 [1.23–2.46]	1.42 [0.99–2.04]	1.17 [1.11–1.23]	1.20 [1.13–1.28]
18 y or older	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Number of Partners in Last 12 Months</b>				
1 partner	REF	REF	REF	REF
2 or more partners	1.95 [1.34–2.83]	1.92 [1.23–3.00]	0.99 [0.93–1.06]	1.05 [0.96–1.15]
<b>Condom used at Last Sex</b>				
Condom used	1.32 [0.88–1.99]	0.97 [0.58–1.62]	2.59 [2.45–2.73]	2.13 [1.97–2.30]
Condom not used	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Partner(s) HIV Status</b>				
At least 1 partner think/told/tested HIV+	15.15 [6.81–33.69]	7.25 [3.41–15.40]	68.92 [6.80–33.68]	42.74 [38.53–47.42]
At least 1 partner with unknown HIV status	1.90 [1.34–2.69]	REF	1.41 [1.32–1.49]	1.73 [1.62–1.85]
All partners think/told/tested HIV-	REF	REF	REF	REF
<b>Partner(s) Age Difference</b>				
No partner 5+ years older	REF	REF	REF	REF
At least 1 partner 5–9 y older	1.38 [0.95–2.02]	1.05 [0.67–1.66]	1.27 [1.20–1.35]	0.97 [0.90–1.06]
At least 1 partner 10+ years older	0.98 [0.65–1.48]	0.97 [0.58–1.62]	1.20 [1.13–1.27]	1.15 [1.06–1.25]
<b>Community-level Viremia</b>				
Lowest Quartile	REF	REF	REF	REF
Second Lowest Quartile	1.42 [0.64–3.13]	1.86 [0.79–4.38]	1.57 [1.38–1.80]	1.85 [1.62–2.11]
Second Highest Quartile	2.87 [1.36–6.08]	3.16 [1.38–7.26]	3.99 [3.56–4.48]	3.68 [3.27–4.13]
Highest Quartile	6.58 [3.22–13.46]	4.81 [2.10–11.00]	11.38 [10.21–12.68]	6.84 [6.09–7.69]

- Use symbols (≥, ≤, etc.).
- Use ≥ symbol rather than plus sign.
- Define categories in a footnote.